The

NATIONWIDE: GOLDFISH STANDARDS of the United Kingdom



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Standard Fish

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Bubble-Eye

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The History of Nationwide

Historically most specialist Goldfish Societies in the United Kingdom had their own Show Standards for goldfish. Following an initiative by the Bristol Aquarists Society, delegates from that Society met with delegates from the Association of Midland Goldfish Keepers (AMGK), the Northern Goldfish & Pond Keepers Society (NGPS) and the Goldfish Society of Great Britain (GSGB) to discuss the possibility of working towards common standards which would allow fish to be shown in any part of the Country under the same Standard. Additionally breeders from all areas would have a common goal for which to aim. The inaugural meeting was held in June 1989 when it was unanimously agreed that one standard was desirable and that the text and outlines of the then recently revised (1987) GSGB's Standards provided a suitable basis from which to start.

It was agreed that the new Standards would be called "The Nationwide Goldfish Standards of Great Britain".

Delegates from the Scottish Goldfish Group and South Park Aquatic Study Society (both disbanded in recent years, Scottish group in 2001 and SPASS in 2006) were subsequently invited to participate in the discussions and after much constructive debate by all member Societies, Nationwide Goldfish Standards evolved.

The pace of world events is getting faster yearly and this includes our hobby of keeping and breeding Goldfish. Never before have we had so many imported fish arriving with new exciting colours and characteristics. To take advantage of this situation we require a flexible approach to enable these goldfish to be shown alongside our present strains.

Provision has been made for many of these new colours in the Standards and when the new varieties have become established and proven to be popular and true varieties, through consistent breeding, standards for them can be included.

In 2009 the North East Goldfish Society (formed in 1997) joined the group of specialist Goldfish Societies signed up to Nationwide, with the GSGB leaving Nationwide in March 2014.

On March 16th 2014 all the delegates that attended the Nationwide Meeting held in Telford, Shropshire unanimously agreed to change the name of the Standards to "The Nationwide Goldfish Standards of the United Kingdom" to reflect the changes in society membership and the current intensive programme of goldfish variety standards improvements and modifications as a result of earlier errors and certain breed developments achieved over the intervening years since 1989. The standards are flexible enough to accommodate further changes as and when breeders continue to develop and 'improve' their strains and national agreement can be achieved.

Application of the Standards

A common basis for awarding points to goldfish has been adopted. This can be applied to all of the approved varieties.

By adopting such a basis it is felt that the task of judging will be considerably simplified.

The maximum points that may be awarded are as follows:

Body20
Colour20
Finnage20
Special Characteristics20
Condition and Deportment20

With the aid of this booklet it should be possible for anyone to assess the value of their fish, or those seen in exhibitions and shows. Although the actual points that the reader may award for a particular fish will probably differ by a mark or two from those given by an official judge, the actual placing of the fish i.e., 1st, 2nd, 3rd etc., should be the same.

When assessing a fish it should be remembered that the drawings, which are only diagrammatic representations of ideal fish, are made to show the contours and proportions of the various parts. The standard measurement used is:

Body Depth/Length (D/L) The body depth excludes the dorsal and ventral fins and the body length includes the head but excludes the caudal fin (tail). The bodies of females are usually rounder and deeper than those of the male fish.

Caudal Fin – Twin tailed varieties must have fully divided lower lobes and show as much of a division as possible to the upper lobes, those showing less than a full division will be down pointed proportionately. Fish showing no division to the upper lobes will be disqualified, the exception being the Tosakin where the upper lobes must be fully joined.

One of Nationwide's aims is to encourage the breeding of fish with intensity in colour that also extends into the fins. Specimens lacking in pigment intensity can never be awarded the full number of points allotted.

The **Metallic** self-coloured fish to be one of the colours listed in these standards.

The **Metallic Variegated** fish should show any combination of colours listed under the individual variety's standard.

In the **Calico** groups, the ideal colouring should be predominantly blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black. Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

In the **Metallic** group the whole of the body of the specimens should have a metallic appearance.

Matt specimens should not possess any reflecting tissue.

In the **Calico** group specimens will possess regions with **nacreous** and **matt** appearances and may possess regions with **metallic** appearance. Specimens entirely free from **metallic** and **matt** regions are preferable. Fish possessing many scales of **metallic** appearance may lose points under the colour heading especially if the scales are silver.

Ideally, with the exception of a matt fish specimen, the eyes of fish should have pupils surrounded by reflective tissue, that is, "iris" eyes.

When points are allotted for colour, its intensity is of considerable importance and also the proportion of the area of the fish covered, e.g. a self-coloured metallic goldfish can only be awarded the full 20 points if the coloured pigment covers the whole of the body surface and fins and appears to be of the richest and deepest hue possible.

In variegated metallic fish the colours should be distributed in a pleasing pattern and as similar as possible on either side.

The proportions of the fish vary considerably with development and age. Younger fish may have less finnage and possess a lesser presence of special characteristics than older fish that are depicted in the illustrations.

The **special characteristics**, which are encouraged, are indicated under the point's table of each variety. Any fish obviously displaying the special characteristic of another variety, e.g. bubble-eyes on any other variety, will be disqualified.

The **condition** of a fish will usually be reflected in the way it carries itself i.e., its **deportment**. Fish exhibited should always be in prime condition, appear well nourished and free from scars, torn or bloodshot fins, growths or missing scales. Diseased or deformed fish will be disqualified.

In breeders' classes (team of four current year bred fish and matched pairs of fish over one year old) ratio of points for Matching/Condition & Deportment to be awarded at Judge's discretion (See group B and C in the following Breeders' Classes Point's table). Where no matching is applicable (Group A) points for Condition & Deportment can be allocated up to the full 20 points.

Breeders' Classes

There are three groups for the breeders' classes:

A Current year fish, which are shown singly

B Current year fish, which are shown in teams of four

C Fish over one year shown in pairs

One of the aims of Nationwide Standards is to reflect as closely as possible the true overall quality of the fish being bred by the exhibitor. As it is the policy of Nationwide to encourage aquarists to raise the standard of fish being bred, it is desirable to discourage the idea of showing the best fish just because they are the best, but rather to encourage the selection of those fish of similar size, colour and development. So fish making up the entry groups **B** and **C** should look like brothers and sisters as closely as possible.

Breeders' Classes Points Table:

	Group A Single Fish Current year fish	Group B Team of 4 Current year fish	Group C Pairs
Characteristics	20	20	20
Colour	20	20	20
Body	20	20	20
Finnage	20	20	20
Matching*/Condition	&		
Deportment	20	20	20
	100	100	100

^{*}Where matching is applicable (**groups B and C**) ratio of points to be awarded at Judges discretion.

Matching will be for size, shape and colour patterns and the fish should be all of one scale group, i.e. metallic or calico (nacreous). In the **Pairs** classes, ideally the fish should be a true male and female pair. Whilst this is not insisted upon, it could be a decisive factor in a close finish.

Metallic fish must show signs of colour change from bronze in the current year groups **A** and **B** and be fully changed in the Pairs group **C**. Uncoloured (bronze) metallic fish are not necessarily disqualified but no points can be awarded for colour.

Glossary of Terms

Anterior Towards the front of the fish

Body A fish without its fins

Hood/Wen Raspberry-like growth on the head

Brown Also described as chocolate

Calico Multi coloured

Condition The healthy or sick appearance of the fish

Cranial Top of the head

Deportment The way in which a fish carries itself

Dorsal Upper

Finnage The fin complement of a fish

Infra-orbital Below the eyes

Matt Without a shiny appearance

Metallic With the appearance of shining metal

Mottled Marked with patches of various colours

Nacreous With a dull mother-of-pearl shine

Opercular Over the gill plates

Posterior Towards the rear of the fish

Self-coloured Displaying only one colour pigment, i.e. red, orange, yellow, black,

brown, blue

Standard The ideal fish

Trailing edge Posterior edge of caudal fin

Ventral lower

White Full spectrum of colour reflected

Silver Reflective mirror effect

COMMON GOLDFISH

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 40% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin single, slightly forked with lobes slightly rounded at ends. The depth of spread should be equal to depth of body and the leading edge should ideally be 25% of body length.
- 3. Dorsal and anal fins single, pectoral and pelvic fins paired and their extremities slightly rounded.
- 4. Minimum length of body to be 3" (75mm).

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body to be strong and sturdy with a smooth outline.

Caudal fin, short and slightly forked.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic Group:

Self colours - as listed in point's table.

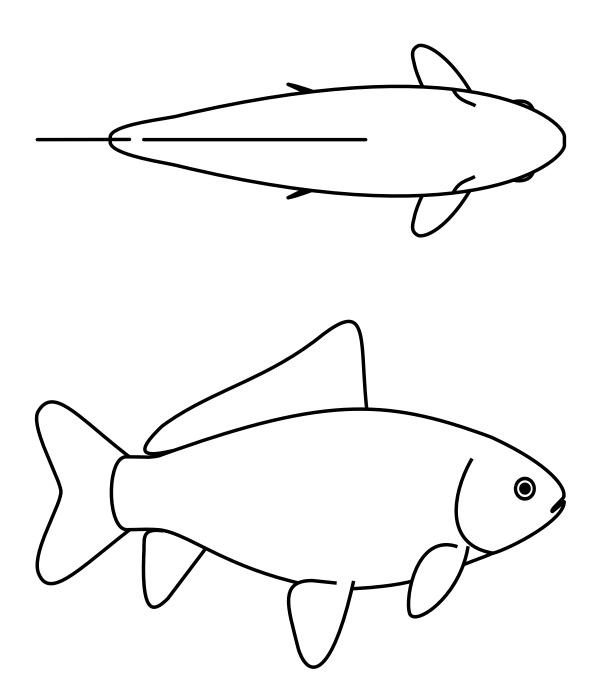
Variegated - any combination of listed colours in a pleasing pattern similar on each side.

Quality fish will have high colour intensity and metallic shine extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Body

D/L ratio6
Dorsal contour (including the head)5
Ventral contour3
Lateral contour3
Eyes and mouth <u>3</u>
20
Fins
Contour and size of dorsal7
Contour and size of caudal8
Contour and size of others $\underline{5}$
20
Colour (Metallic Group)
Self - Red, orange, yellow, blue,
brown, black20
Variegated - Red, orange, yellow,
blue, brown, black, white20
Condition and Deportment
Condition10
Deportment <u>10</u>
20
Special Characteristics
Intensity of Colour20



LONDON SHUBUNKIN

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 40% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin single, slightly forked with lobes slightly rounded at ends. The depth of spread should be equal to depth of body and the leading edge should ideally be 25% of body length.
- 3. Dorsal and anal fins single, pectoral and pelvic fins paired and their extremities slightly rounded.
- 4. At least 25% of the body to be blue.
- 5. Minimum length of body to be 3" (75mm).

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body to be strong and sturdy with a smooth outline.

Caudal fin, short and slightly forked.

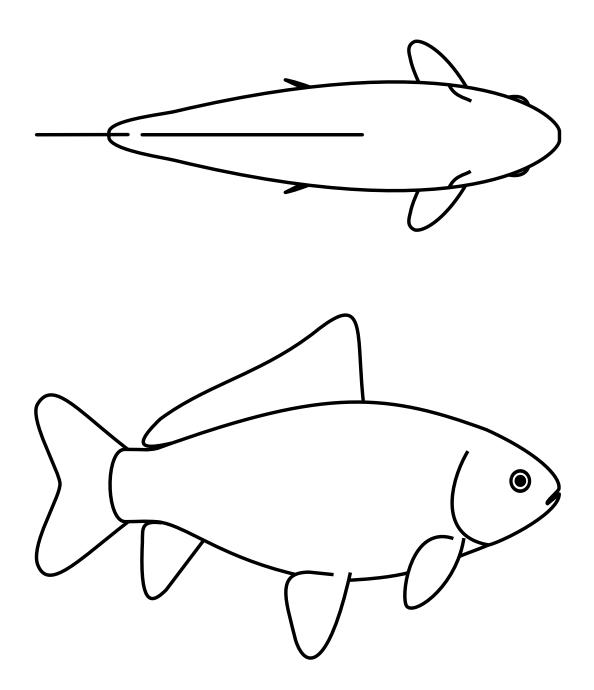
All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Calico groups - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black.

Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Body D/L ratio......6 Dorsal contour (including the head)......5 Ventral contour......3 Lateral contour......3 Eyes and mouth......3 **Fins** Contour and size of dorsal......7 Contour and size of caudal.....8 Contour and size of others.....5 **Colour** (Calico Group) Blue, violet.....9 Red, orange, yellow.....5 Black......5 Brown, white.....1 **Condition and Deportment** Condition......10 Deportment......10 20 **Special Characteristics** Intensity of Colour......20



BRISTOL SHUBUNKIN

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 35% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin single, well spread with large rounded lobes.
- 3. Dorsal and anal fins single, pectoral and pelvic fins paired and their extremities slightly rounded.
- 4. At least 25% of the body to be blue.
- 5. Minimum length of body to be 3" (75mm).

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body to be long and slender with a smooth outline.

Caudal well spread without drooping or overlapping.

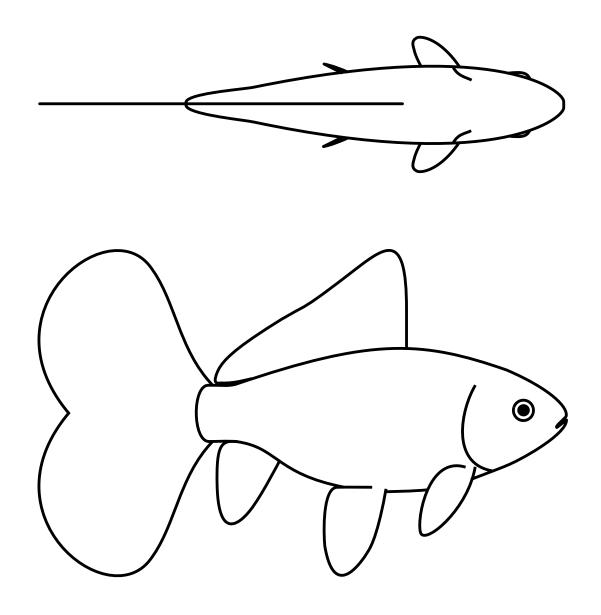
All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Calico groups - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black.

Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Body D/L ratio......6 Dorsal contour (including the head)......5 Ventral contour......3 Lateral contour......3 Eyes and mouth......3 **Fins** Contour and size of dorsal......6 Contour and size of caudal.....9 Contour and size of others.....5 **Colour** (Calico Group) Blue, violet.....9 Red, orange, yellow.....5 Black.....5 Brown, white.....1 **Condition and Deportment** Condition......10 Deportment......10 20 **Special Characteristics** Intensity of Colour.....8 Carriage of caudal fin.....12 20



COMET

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 35% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin single, deeply forked with pointed well spread lobes. The leading edge should ideally be 75% of body length.
- 3. Dorsal and anal fins single, pectoral and pelvic fins paired and their extremities having a pointed appearance.
- 4. At least 25% of the body to be blue in calico fish.
- 5. Minimum length of body to be 3" (75mm).

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body to be long and slender with a smooth outline.

Caudal long, deeply forked, well spread without drooping or overlapping.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic group:

Self colours - as listed in points table.

Variegated - any combination of listed colours in a pleasing pattern similar on each side.

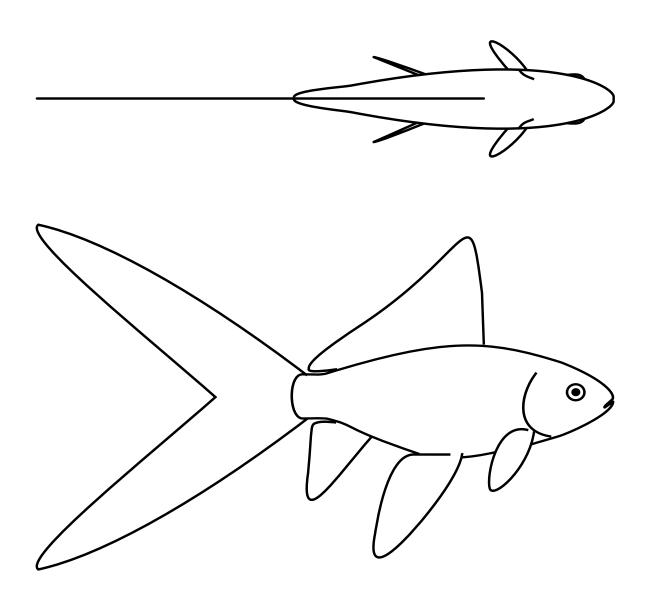
Quality fish will have high colour intensity and metallic shine extending into the fins.

Calico groups - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black

Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Body	
D/L ratio6	
Dorsal contour (including the head)5	
Ventral contour3	
Lateral contour3	
Eyes and mouth <u>3</u>	
20	
Fins	
Contour and size of dorsal7	
Contour and size of caudal8	
Contour and size of others <u>.5</u>	
20	
Colour (Metallic Group)	
<i>Self</i> - Red, orange, yellow, blue,	
brown, black 20	
<i>Variegated</i> - Red, orange, yellow,	Condition and Deportment
blue, brown, black, white 20	Condition1
Colour (Calico Group)	Deportment <u>1</u>
Blue, violet9	2
Red, orange, yellow5	Special Characteristics
Black5	Development of Caudal 1
Brown, white <u>1</u>	Carriage of Caudal Fin <u>1</u>
20	2



JIKIN

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 40% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin divided, forked with rounded well spread lobes held above the horizontal.
- 3. Dorsal fin single, all other fins paired and their extremities slightly rounded.
- 4. At least 50% of the body to be white.
- 5. Minimum length of body to be 3" (75mm)

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body to be strong and sturdy with a smooth outline.

Caudal fin to be held vertically, fully divided and well spread, opening to near 90 degrees to the body when fish is at rest. To appear as an 'X shape' when viewed from the rear with all four lobes evenly matched.

Caudal peduncle to be short not elongated.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

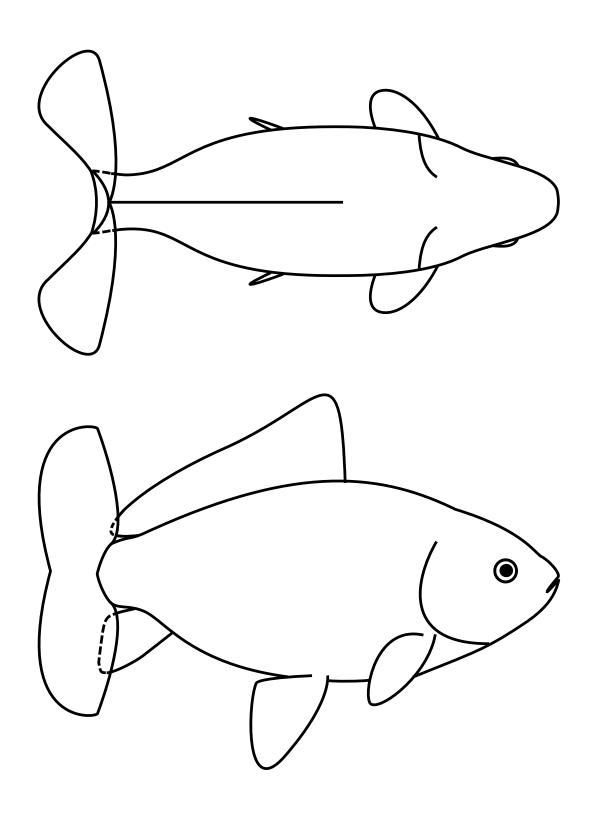
Metallic group:

Variegated - Red and white only.

NB. The snout, dorsal, pectoral, ventral, anal and caudal fins should be solid red. The body should be white. Red elsewhere on the body will be discouraged and also down pointed.

POINTS TABLE

Body D/L ratio.....6 Dorsal contour (including the head)......5 Ventral contour......3 Lateral contour......3 Eyes and mouth......3 **Fins** Contour and size of dorsal.....6 Contour and size of caudal......9 Contour and size of others.....5 20 **Colour** (*Metallic Group*) Variegated Body - white......10 Fins and snout - red......10 **Condition and Deportment** Condition.....10 Deportment......10 20 **Special Characteristics** Carriage and spread of caudal......12 Intensity and distribution of red.....8



All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

WAKIN

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 40% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin divided, forked with slightly rounded well spread lobes held above the horizontal.
- 3. Dorsal fin single, all other fins paired and their extremities slightly rounded.
- 4. Minimum length of body to be 3" (75mm)

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body to be strong and sturdy with a smooth outline.

Caudal fin well divided, forked and held slightly above the horizontal.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic group:

Self colours - as listed in points table.

Variegated - any combination of the listed colours in a pleasing pattern similar on each side.

Quality fish will have high colour intensity and metallic shine extending into the fins.

Calico group - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black.

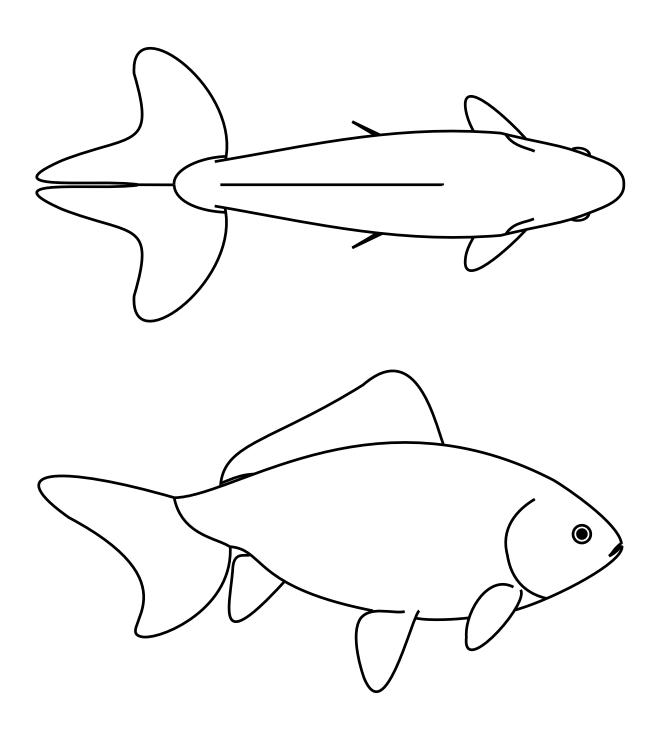
Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Body	
D/L ratio6	
Dorsal contour (including the head)5	
Ventral contour3	
Lateral contour3	
Eyes and mouth <u>3</u>	
20	
Fins	
Contour and size of dorsal7	
Contour and size of caudal8	
Contour and size of others <u>5</u>	
20	
Colour (Metallic Group)	
Self - Red, orange, yellow, blue,	
brown, Black, white20	
Variegated - Red, orange, yellow,	
blue, brown, black, white20	
Colour (Calico Group)	
Blue, violet9	
Red, Orange, Yellow5	
Black5	
Brown, white <u>1</u>	
20	
Condition and Deportment	Spec
Condition10	Inter
Deportment <u>10</u>	Carri
20	

8
<u>12</u>

20



FANTAIL

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 65% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin divided, forked with slightly rounded well spread lobes held above the horizontal.
- 3. Dorsal fin single, all other fins paired and their extremities slightly rounded.
- 4. Minimum length of body to be 21/4" (55mm).

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body will be short and rounded with a smooth outline.

Caudal well divided, forked and held high without drooping.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic group:

Self colours - as listed in points table.

Variegated - any combination of the listed colours in a pleasing pattern similar on each side.

Quality fish will have high colour intensity and metallic shine extending into the fins.

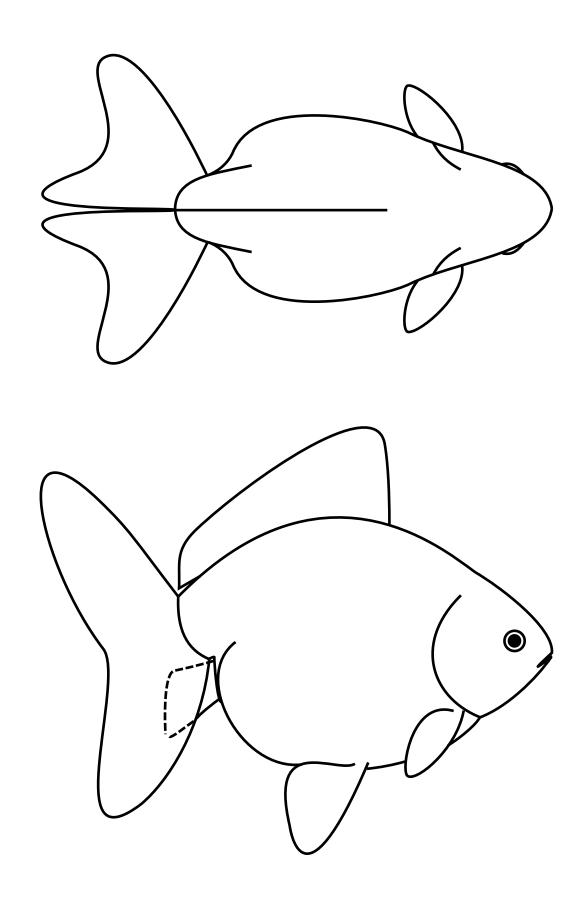
Calico groups - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black.

Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Body

<i>-</i>	
D/L ratio6	
Dorsal contour (including the head)5	
Ventral contour3	
Lateral contour3	
Eyes and mouth3	
20	
Fins	
Contour and size of dorsal7	
Contour and size of caudal8	
Contour and size of others5	
20	
Colour (Metallic Group)	
Self - Red, orange, yellow, blue,	
brown, black 20	
Variegated - Red, orange, yellow,	
blue, brown, black, white20	
Colour (Calico Group)	
Blue, violet9	
Red, orange, yellow5	
Black5	
Brown, white <u>1</u>	
20	
Condition and Deportment	Special Characteristics
Condition10	Intensity of colour
Deportment <u>10</u>	Carriage of caudal fin
20	-



PEARLSCALE

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 75% of body length.
- 2. Scales domed.
- 3. Caudal fin divided, forked with slightly rounded well spread lobes held above the horizontal.
- 4. Dorsal fin single, all other fins paired and their extremities slightly rounded.
- 5. Minimum length of body to be 2 1/4" (55mm).

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body will be short and rounded displaying well developed domed scales all over.

Caudal well divided, forked and held high without drooping.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic group:

Self colours - as listed in points table.

Variegated - any combination of the listed colours in a pleasing pattern similar on each side.

Quality fish will have high colour intensity and metallic shine extending into the fins.

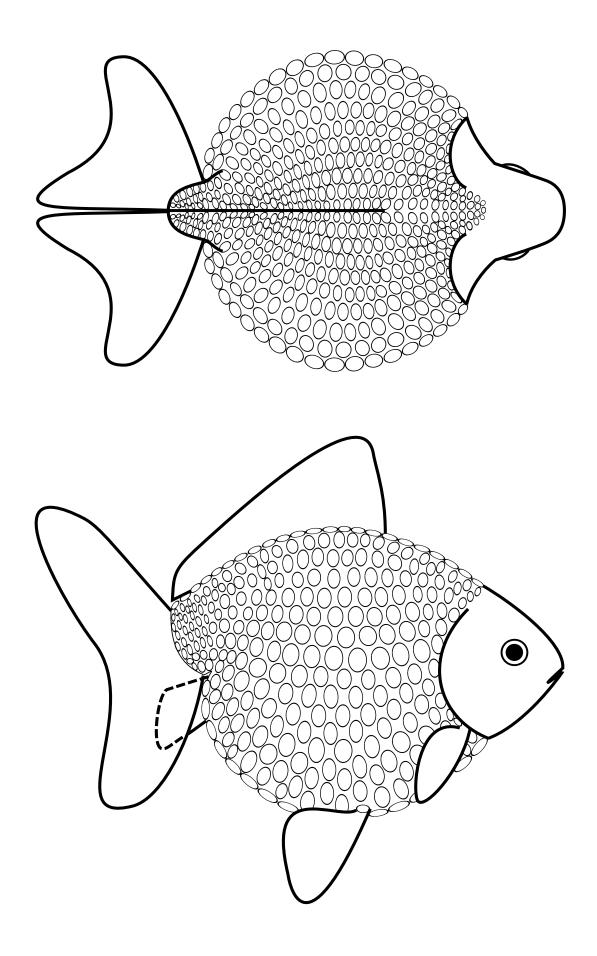
Calico groups - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black.

Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Body

•		
D/L ratio	6	
Dorsal contour (including the head)	5	
Ventral contour	3	
Lateral contour	3	
Eyes and mouth	<u>3</u>	
	20	
Fins		
Contour and size of dorsal	7	
Contour and size of caudal	8	
Contour and size of others	5	
	20	
Colour (Metallic Group)		
Self - Red, orange, yellow, blue,		
brown, black	20	
Variegated - Red, orange, yellow,		
blue, brown, black, white	20	
Colour (Calico Group)		
Blue, violet	9	
Red, orange, yellow		
Black		
Brown, white		
	20	
Condition and Deportment		
Condition	10	
Deportment	<u>10</u>	Special Characteristics
·	20	Development of domed scales
		= - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

RYUKIN

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 80% of body length.
- Caudal fin divided, forked with slightly rounded well spread lobes held above the horizontal.
- 3. Dorsal fin single, all other fins paired and their extremities slightly rounded.
- 4. Minimum length of body to be 2 1/4" (55mm)

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Caudal well divided, forked and should be equal to the length of the body.

Body to be short and rounded in appearance with a pronounced hump rising from the head smoothly over the dorsal contour.

The head should be pointed in appearance.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic group:

Self colours - as listed in points table.

Variegated - any combination of the listed colours in a pleasing pattern similar on each side.

Quality fish will have high colour intensity and metallic shine extending into the fins.

20

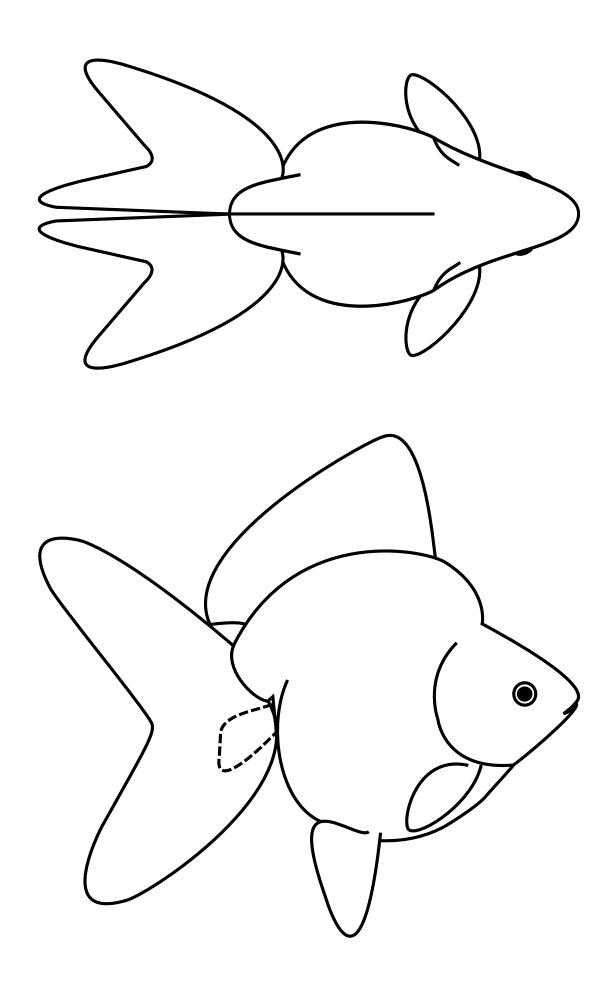
Calico group - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black.

Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Body D/L ratio......6 Dorsal contour (including the head)......4 Ventral contour.....4 Lateral contour......3 Eyes and mouth......3 20 **Fins** Contour and shape of dorsal.....6 Contour and size of caudal......9 Contour and size of others.....5 20 Colour (Metallic Group) **Self** - Red, orange, yellow, blue, brown, black......20 Variegated - Red, orange, yellow, blue, brown, black, white......20 **Colour** (*Calico Group*) Blue, violet.....9 Red, Orange, Yellow.....5 Black......5 Brown, white.....1

Condition and Deportment	
Condition	10
Deportment	<u>.10</u>
	20
Special Characteristics	
Development of hump	15
Intensity of colour	<u>5</u>
	20



All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

VEILTAIL

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 65% of body length.
- Caudal fin divided, well spread held below the horizontal with the trailing edge having no apparent fork or pointed lobes. The minimum length of caudal fin should ideally be 75% of body length.
- 3. Dorsal fin single, all other fins paired and their extremities having a pointed appearance.
- 4. Minimum length of body to be 2 1/4" (55mm).

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body will be short and rounded with a smooth outline.

The dorsal fin carried high and erect, caudal fin well divided and flowing gracefully.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic group:

Self colours - as listed in points table.

Variegated - any combination of the listed colours in a pleasing pattern similar on each side.

Quality fish will have high colour intensity and metallic shine extending into the fins.

Calico groups - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black.

Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

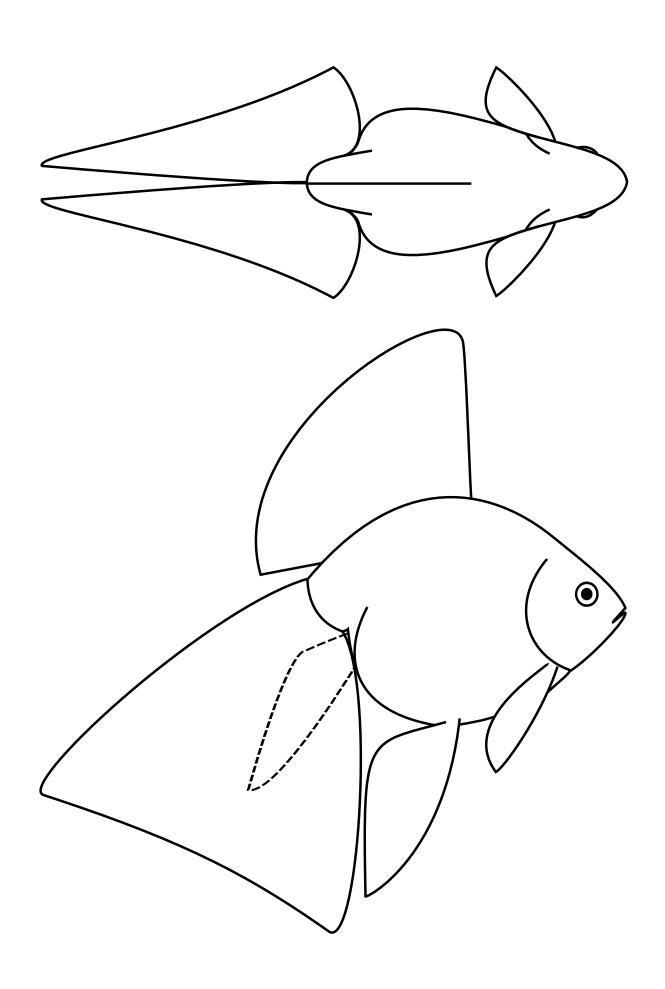
Body

D/L ratio	6
Dorsal contour (including the head).	5
Ventral contour	3
Lateral contour	3
Eyes and mouth	<u>3</u>
	20
Fins	
Contour and size of dorsal	7
Contour and size of caudal	8
Contour and size of others	<u>5</u>
	20
Colour (Metallic Group)	
<i>Self</i> - Red, orange, yellow, blue,	
brown, black	20
Variegated - Red, orange, yellow,	
Blue, brown, black, white	20
Colour (Calico Group)	
Blue, violet	
Red, orange, yellow	
Black	
Brown, white	
	20

Condition and Deportment

10
<u>10</u>
20
12

20



All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

MOOR

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 65% of body length.
- Caudal fin divided, well spread held below the horizontal with the trailing edge having no apparent fork or pointed lobes. The minimum length of caudal fin should ideally be 75% of body length.
- 3. Dorsal fin single, all other fins paired and their extremities having a slightly rounded appearance.
- 4. Eyes project outwards and slightly forward from surface of head.
- 5. Minimum length of body to be 2 1/4" (55mm).

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body will be short and rounded with a smooth outline.

The dorsal fin carried high and erect, caudal fin well divided and flowing gracefully.

Eyes to be prominent with good development and well matched.

Note: these eyes are not the same as the **Globe-eye**; they should be spherical not truncated cones.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

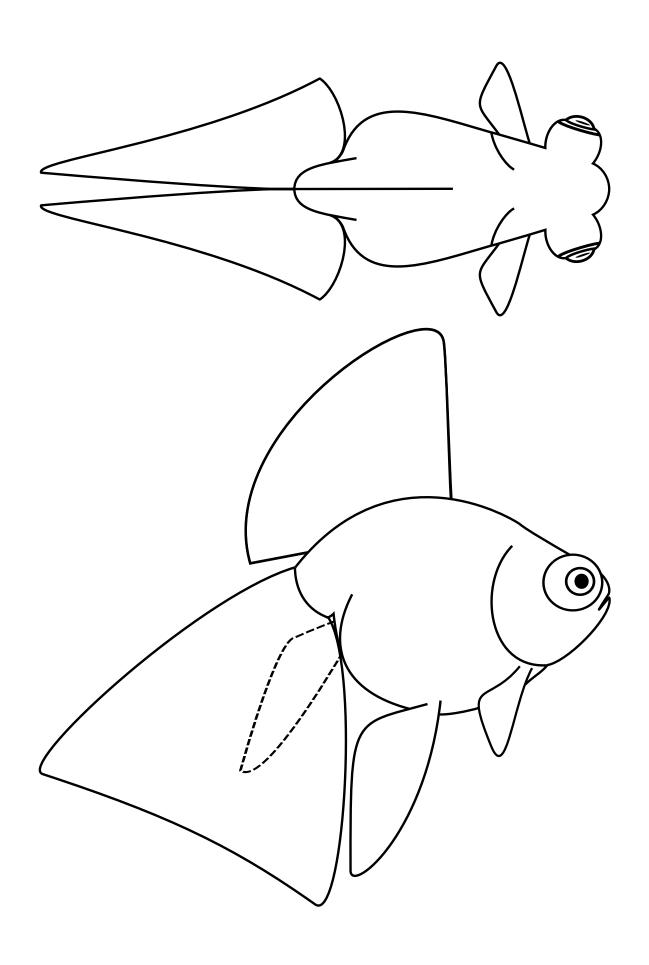
Metallic group:

Self - Black only.

Quality fish will have high colour intensity extending into the fins giving a velvet appearance.

POINTS TABLE

Body D/L ratio......6 Dorsal contour (including the head)......5 Ventral contour.....3 Lateral contour......3 Eyes and mouth......3 **Fins** Contour and size of dorsal......7 Contour and size of caudal.....8 Contour and size of others.....5 **Colour** (*Metallic Group*) **Self** - Black......**20 Condition and Deportment** Condition......10 Deportment......10 20 **Special Characteristics** Development caudal fin......6 Development & matching eyes......7 Intensity of colour......7



All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

GLOBE-EYE

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 65% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin divided, well spread held below the horizontal with the trailing edge forked 25% to 35% and pointed lobes. The minimum length of caudal fin should ideally be 75% of body length.
- 3. Dorsal fin single, all other fins paired and their extremities having a pointed appearance.
- 4. Eyes project outwards and well forward from surface of head.
- 5. Minimum length of body to be 2 1/4" (55mm).

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body will be short and rounded with a smooth outline.

The dorsal fin carried high and erect, caudal fin forked and well divided.

Eyes to be prominent with good development and well matched.

Note: these eyes are not the same as on the **Broadtail Moor**; they should be truncated cones not spherical.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic group:

Self - Black only.

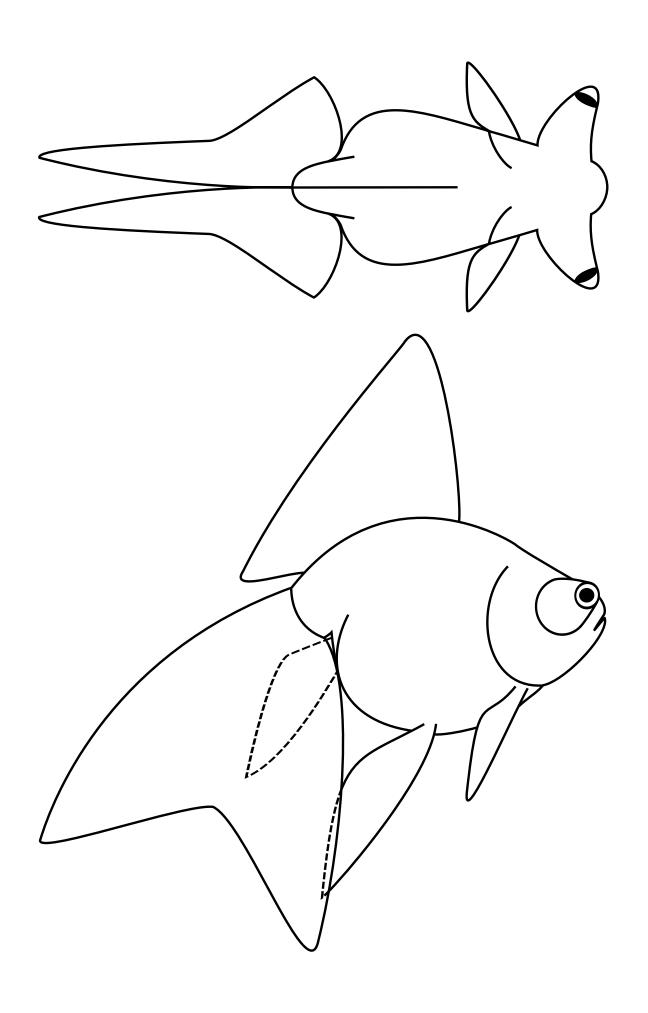
Quality fish will have high colour intensity extending into the fins giving a velvet appearance.

Calico group - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black.

Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Body	
D/L ratio6	
Dorsal contour (including the head)5	
Ventral contour3	
Lateral contour3	
Eyes and mouth <u>3</u>	
20	
Fins	
Contour and size of dorsal7	
Contour and size of caudal8	
Contour and size of others	
20	
Colour (Metallic Group)	Condition and Deportment
<i>Self</i> - Black 20	Condition
	Deportment <u>10</u>
Colour (Calico Group)	20
Blue, violet9	Special Characteristics
Red, orange, yellow5	Eyes - development8
Black5	Eyes - cornea6
Brown, white <u>1</u>	Eyes - matching <u>6</u>
20	20



All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

ORANDA

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 65% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin divided, well spread held below the horizontal with the trailing edge having no apparent fork or pointed lobes. The minimum length of caudal fin should ideally be 75% of body length.
- 3. Dorsal fin single, all other fins paired and their extremities having a pointed appearance.
- 4. Hood well developed.
- 5. Minimum length of body to be 2 1/4" (55mm).

NB: forked tailed fish are allowable but may be down pointed. Fantailed type fish, that is fish with caudal held high, will be disqualified.

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body will be short and rounded with a smooth outline.

The dorsal fin will be carried high and erect, caudal fin well divided and flowing gracefully.

Hood to be well developed in all three areas, i.e. cranial, infra-orbital and opercular.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic group:

Self colours - as listed in points table.

Variegated - any combination of the listed colours in a pleasing pattern similar on each side.

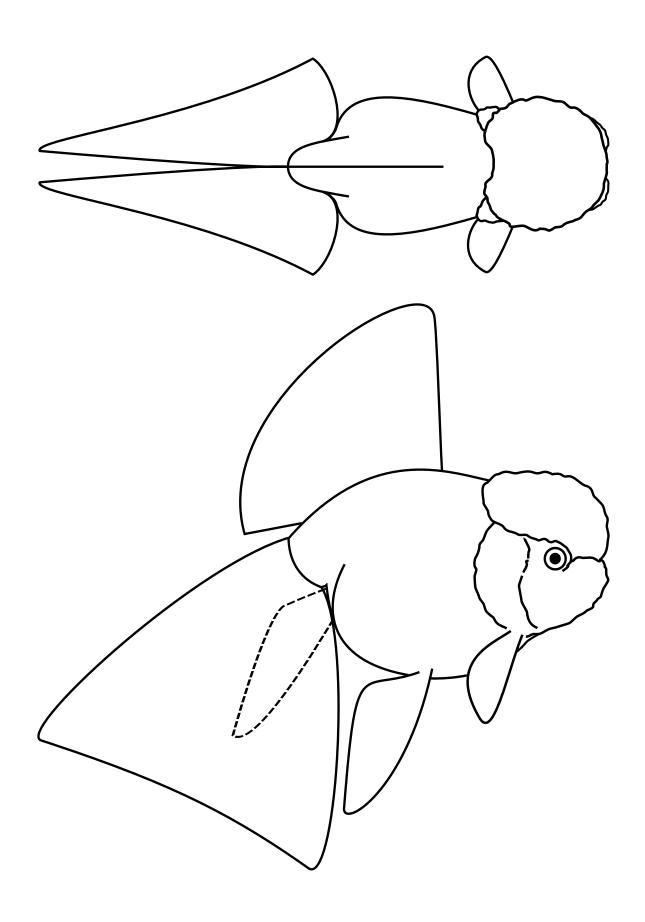
Quality fish will have high colour intensity and metallic shine extending into the fins.

Calico groups - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black.

Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Body		
D/L ratio6		
Dorsal contour (excluding the head)5		
Ventral contour3		
Lateral contour3		
Eyes and mouth <u>3</u>		
20		
Fins		
Contour and size of dorsal7		
Contour and size of caudal8		
Contour and size of others <u>5</u>		
20		
Colour (Metallic Group)	Condition and Deportment	
<i>Self</i> - Red, orange, yellow, blue,	Condition	10
brown, black 20	Deportment	<u>10</u>
<i>Variegated</i> - Red, orange, yellow,		20
blue, brown, black, white 20		
Colour (Calico Group)	Special Characteristics	
Blue, violet9	Hood development:	
Red, orange, yellow5	Cranial region	8
Black5	Infra-orbital region	6
Brown, white <u>1</u>	Opercular region	6
20	-	20



All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

REDCAP

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 65% of body length.
- Caudal fin divided, well spread held below the horizontal with the trailing edge having no apparent fork or pointed lobes. The minimum length of caudal fin should ideally be 75% of body length.
- 3. Dorsal fin single, all other fins paired and their extremities having a pointed appearance.
- 4. Cranial region (cap) red and well developed.
- 5. Minimum length of body to be 2 1/4" (55mm)

NB: Forked tailed fish are allowable but may be down pointed. Fantailed type fish, that is fish with caudal held high will be disqualified.

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body will be short and rounded with a smooth outline.

The dorsal fin will be carried high and erect, caudal fin well divided and flowing gracefully.

Hood, points to be given for cranial region only which should be well developed

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

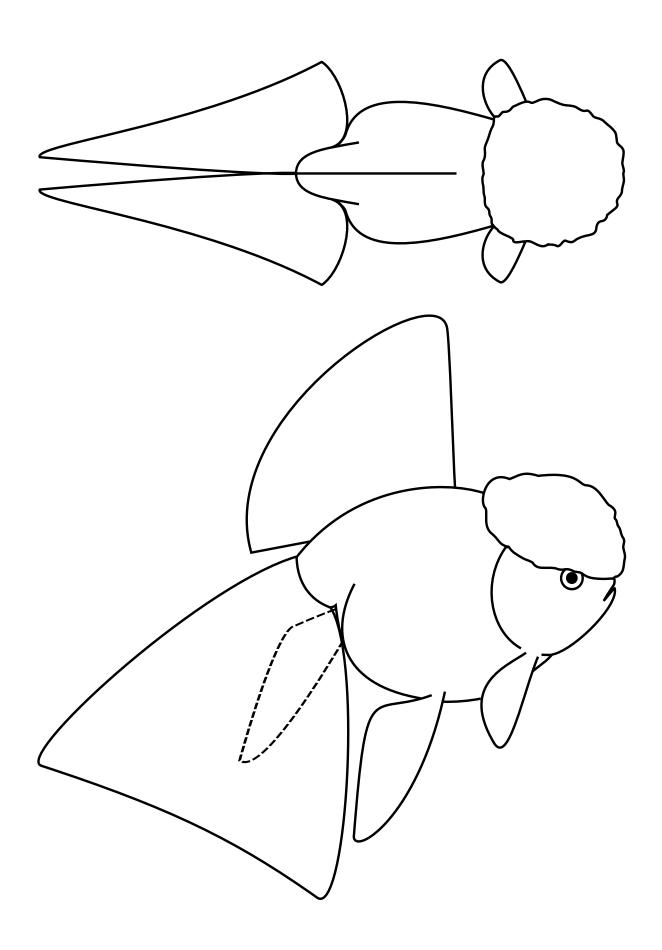
Metallic group:

Variegated - Deep red on cap only, the rest of the body to be white.

Quality fish will have high colour intensity extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Body D/L ratio......6 Dorsal contour (excluding the head)......5 Ventral contour......3 Lateral contour......3 Eyes and mouth......3 Fins Contour and size of dorsal......7 Contour and size of caudal.....8 Contour and size of others.....5 20 **Colour** (Metallic Group) Variegated Red (cap only).....10 White......10 **Condition and Deportment** Condition......10 Deportment......10 20 **Special Characteristics** Cranial development (Cap)......15 Intensity of red on cap......5 20



TOSAKIN

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 60% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin joined and held almost horizontal when viewed from the side.
- 3. Dorsal fin single, all other fins paired and their extremities slightly rounded.
- 4. Minimum length of body to be 2 1/4" (55mm)

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body to be short and rounded with the head being long and pointed.

Caudal fin is joined and should be at least 75% of the length of the body with the extremities being scalloped shaped. The caudal rays should have the strength to hold a good pan shaped contour with the upper lobes turning initially forwards towards the fish's head, thereafter turning down and backwards with the leading edges of the lobes finishing in line with the peduncle.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic group:

Self colours - as listed in points table.

Variegated - any combination of the listed colours in a pleasing pattern similar on each side.

Quality fish will have high colour intensity and metallic shine extending into the fins.

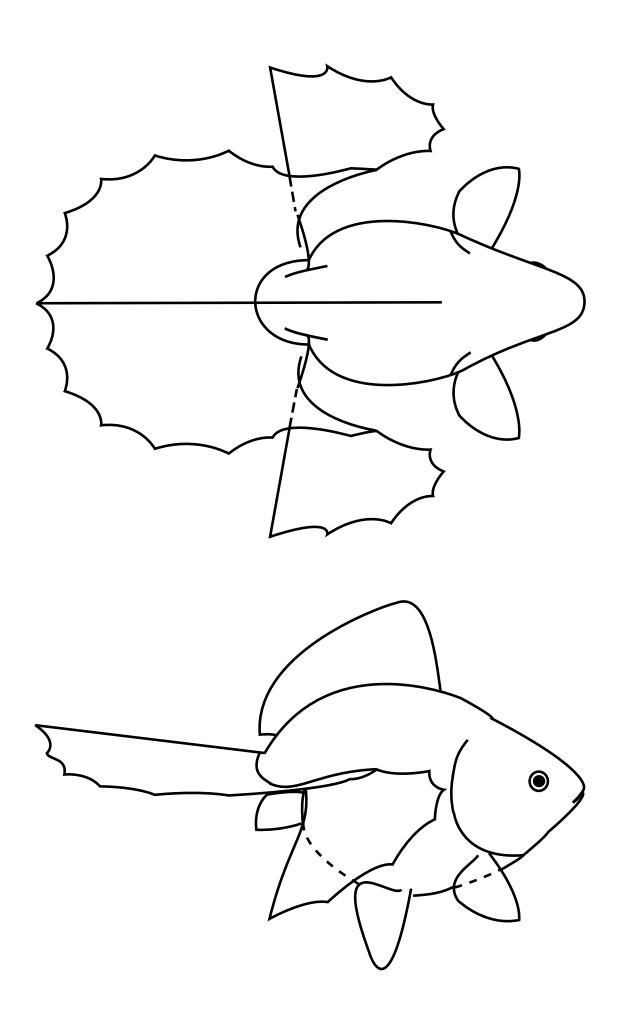
Calico groups - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white spotted with black.

Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Rody

bouy		
D/L ratio	6	
Dorsal contour (including the head)	4	
Ventral contour	4	
Lateral contour	3	
Eyes and mouth	<u>3</u>	
	20	
Fins		
Contour and size of dorsal	6	
Contour and size of caudal	9	
Contour and size of others	<u>5</u>	
	20	
Colour (Metallic Group)		
<i>Self</i> - Red, orange, yellow, blue,		
brown, black	20	
Variegated - Red, orange, yellow,		
blue, brown, black, white	20	Condition and Deportment
Colour (Calico Group)		Condition10
Blue, violet	9	Deportment <u>10</u>
Red, Orange, Yellow	5	20
Black	5	
Brown, white	<u>1</u>	Special Characteristics
	20	Development and carriage of Caudal fin20



All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

LIONHEAD

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 60% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin divided, forked with slightly rounded well spread lobes held above the horizontal.
- 3. Dorsal fin absent, all other fins paired and their extremities slightly rounded.
- 4. Hood well developed.
- 5. Minimum length of body to be 2 1/4" (55mm)

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body will be medium length with smooth contours and no sign of a dorsal fin.

Caudal fin well divided, forked and held above the horizontal.

The hood will be well developed in all three areas, i.e. cranial, infra-orbital and opercular.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic group:

Self colours - as listed in points table.

Variegated - any combination of the listed colours in a pleasing pattern similar on each side.

Quality fish will have high colour intensity and metallic shine extending into the fins.

Calico group - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black.

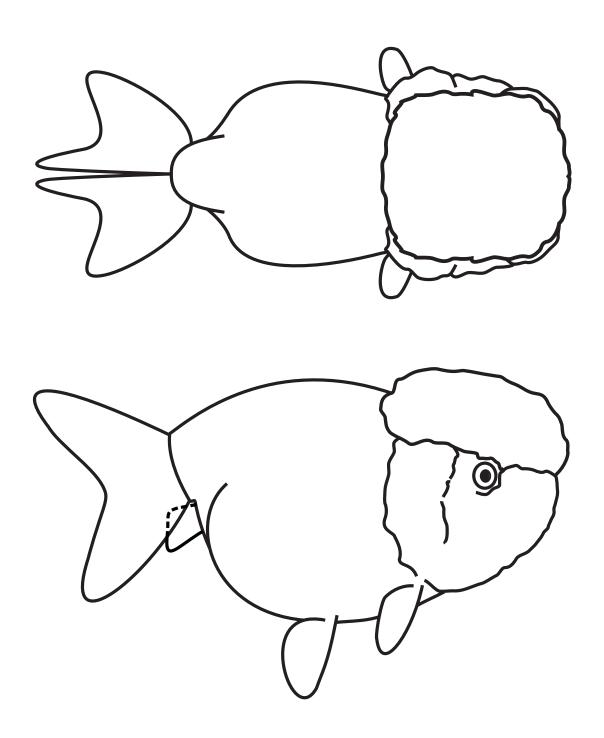
Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

D a d. .

buuy
D/L ratio6
Dorsal contour (excluding the head)5
Ventral contour3
Lateral contour3
Eyes and mouth <u>3</u>
20
Fins
Contour of trunk (in "dorsal fin" region)7
Contour and size of caudal8
Contour and size of others <u>.</u> 5
20
Colour (Metallic Group)
Self - Red, orange, yellow, blue,
brown, black 20
<i>Variegated</i> - Red, orange, yellow,
White, blue, brown, black 20
Colour (Calico Group)
Blue, violet9
Red, orange, yellow5
Black5
Brown, white1
20
Condition and Deportment
Condition10
Deportment <u>10</u>
20

Special Characteristics	
Hood development:	
Cranial region	8
Infra-orbital region	6
Opercular region	<u>6</u>
	20



RANCHU

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 50% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin divided, forked with slightly rounded well spread lobes held above the horizontal.
- 3. Dorsal fin absent, all other fins paired and their extremities slightly rounded.
- 4. Hood well developed.
- 5. Minimum length of body to be 2 1/4" (55mm)

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body will be medium length with smooth contours and no sign of a dorsal fin.

Caudal fin well divided, forked and held slightly above the horizontal.

The hood will be well developed in all three areas i.e. cranial, infra-orbital, and opercular.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic group:

Self colours - as listed in points table.

Variegated - any combination of the listed colours in a pleasing pattern similar on each side.

Quality fish will have high colour intensity and metallic shine extending into the fins.

Calico groups - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black.

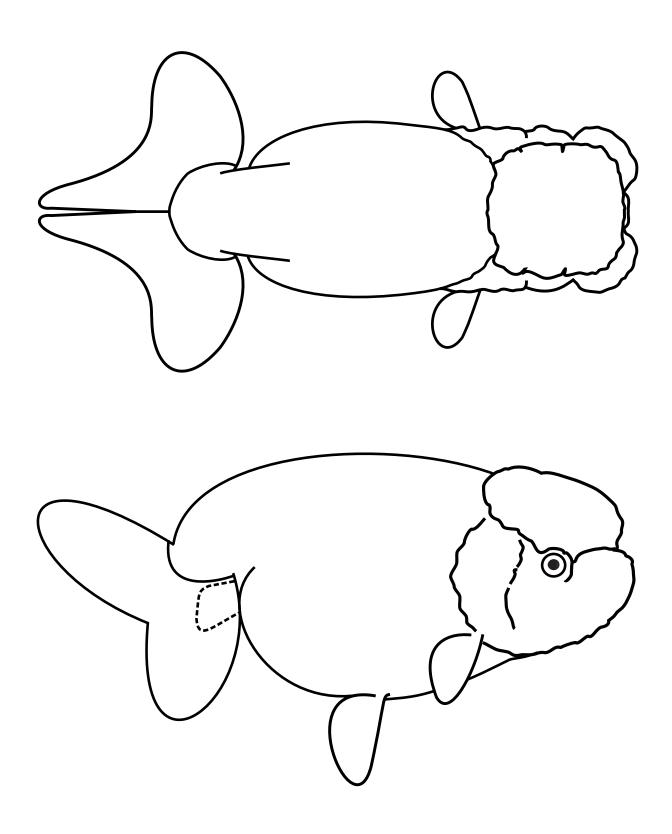
Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

6
5
3
3
3
20
7
8
5
20
20
20
9
.5
5
1
20
10
10
20

Special Characteristics
Hood development:
Cranial region5
Infra-orbital region10
Opercular region

20



BUBBLE-EYE

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 50% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin divided, forked with slightly rounded well spread lobes held above the horizontal.
- 3. Dorsal fin absent, all other fins paired and their extremities slightly rounded.
- 4. Eye sacs under and around sides of each eye.
- 5. Minimum length of body to be 2 1/4" (55mm)

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body will be medium length with smooth contours and no sign of a dorsal fin.

Caudal fin well divided, forked and held above the horizontal.

Eye sacs to be well developed and evenly matched.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic group:

Self colours - as listed in points table.

Variegated - any combination of the listed colours in a pleasing pattern similar on each side.

Quality fish will have high colour intensity and metallic shine extending into the fins.

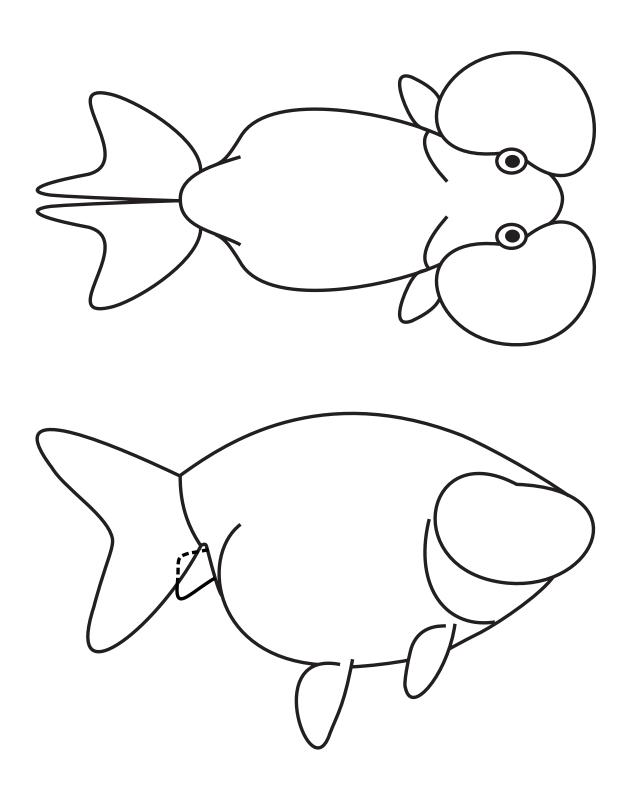
Calico groups - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black.

Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Body

D/L ratio6	
Dorsal contour (including the head)5	
Ventral contour3	
Lateral contour3	
Eyes and mouth <u>3</u>	
20	
Fins	
Contour of trunk (in dorsal fin region)7	
Contour and size of caudal8	
Contour and size of others5	
20	
Colour (Metallic Group)	
Self - Red, orange, yellow, blue,	
brown, black 20	
Variegated - Red, orange, yellow,	
blue, brown, black, white20	
Colour (Calico Group)	
Blue, violet9	
Red, orange, yellow5	
Black5	
Brown, white <u>1</u>	
20	
Condition and Deportment	Special Characteristics
Condition10	Development of eye sacs10
Deportment <u>10</u>	Matching of sacs for shape and size <u>10</u>
20	20



CELESTIAL

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 50% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin divided, forked with slightly rounded well spread lobes held above the horizontal.
- 3. Dorsal fin absent, all other fins paired and their extremities slightly rounded.
- 4. Eyes protruding slightly outwards and looking upwards from surface of head
- 5. Minimum length of body to be 2 1/4" (55mm)

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body will be medium length with smooth contours and no sign of a dorsal fin.

Caudal fin well divided, forked and held above the horizontal.

Eye will be well matched, looking upwards and well developed.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic group:

Self colours - as listed in points table.

Variegated - any combination of the listed colours in a pleasing pattern similar on each side.

Quality fish will have high colour intensity and metallic shine extending into the fins.

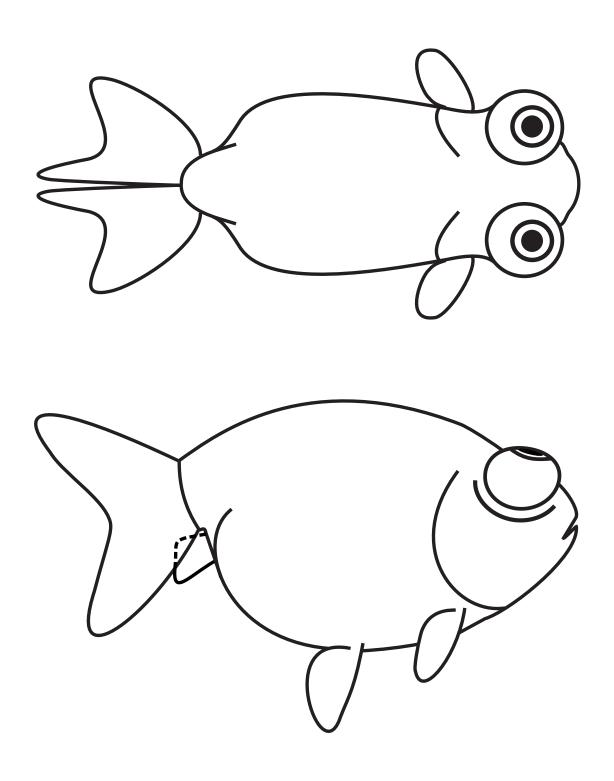
Calico groups - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black.

Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Body

/	
D/L ratio6	
Dorsal contour (including the head)5	
Ventral contour3	
Lateral contour3	
Eyes and mouth3	
20	
Fins	
Contour of trunk (in dorsal fin region)7	
Contour and size of caudal8	
Contour and size of others5	
20	
Colour (Metallic Group)	
Self - Red, orange, yellow, blue,	
brown, black 20	
Variegated - Red, orange, yellow,	
blue, brown, black, white20	
Colour (Calico Group)	
Blue, violet9	
Red, orange, yellow5	
Black5	
Brown, white <u>1</u>	
20	Special Characteristics
Condition and Deportment	Direction of eyes7
Condition10	Development of eyes6
Deportment <u>10</u>	Matching of eyes <u>7</u>
20	20



POM-PON

TYPE TEST:

Fish failing this test will be severely down pointed; deformities and major defects will cause the fish to be disqualified.

- 1. Depth of body approximately 50% of body length.
- 2. Caudal fin divided, forked with slightly rounded well spread lobes held above the horizontal.
- 3. Dorsal fin absent, all other fins paired and their extremities slightly rounded.
- 4. Nasal septa (Pom-Pons) well developed.
- 5. Minimum length of body to be 2 1/4" (55mm)

APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Fish will be bright and alert.

Body will be medium length with smooth contours and no sign of a dorsal fin.

Caudal fin well divided, forked and held above the horizontal.

Pom-Pons to be large, well shaped and matching.

All proportions must approximate to the drawing.

Metallic group:

Self colours - as listed in points table.

Variegated - any combination of the listed colours in a pleasing pattern similar on each side.

Quality fish will have high colour intensity and metallic shine extending into the fins.

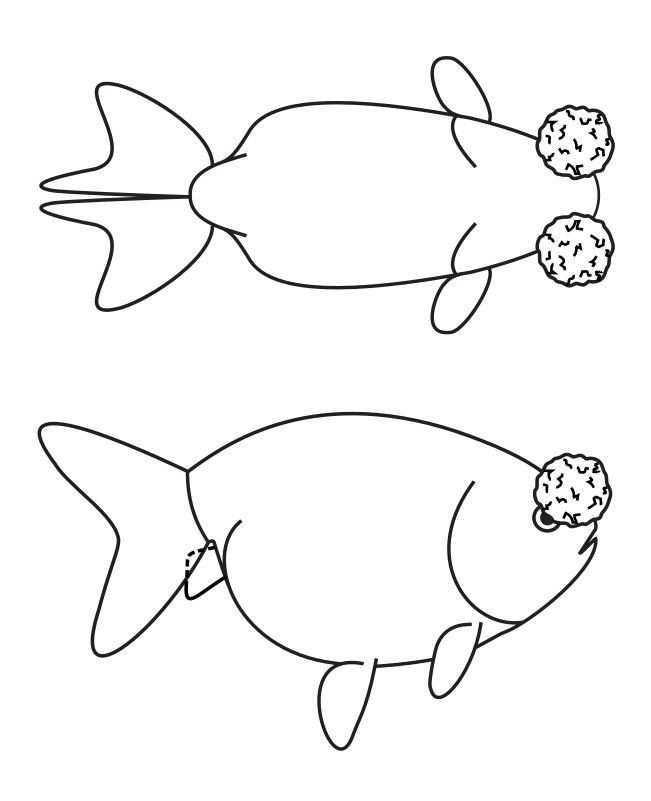
Calico groups - blue background with patches of violet, red, orange, yellow, brown, white, spotted with black.

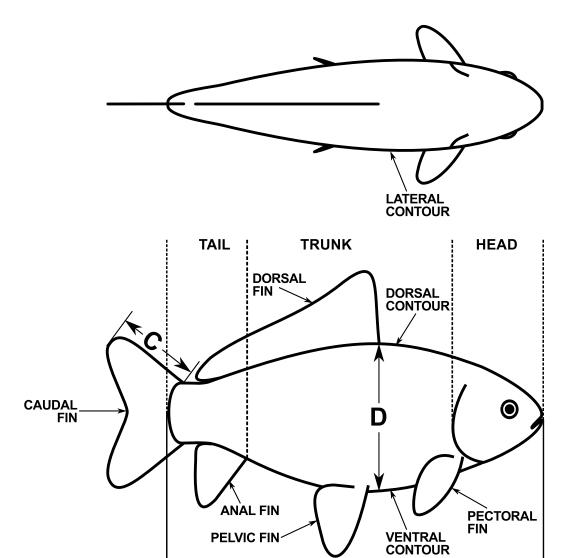
Fish should have a high intensity of colour evenly distributed over the body, with colour, especially black, extending into the fins.

POINTS TABLE

Body

D/L ratio6	
Dorsal contour (including the head)5	
Ventral contour3	
Lateral contour3	
Eyes and mouth3	
20	
Fins	
Contour of trunk (in dorsa fin region)7	
Contour and size of caudal8	
Contour and size of others <u></u>	
20	
Colour (Metallic Group)	
Self - Red, orange, yellow, blue,	
brown, black 20	
Variegated - Red, orange, yellow,	
blue, brown, black, white 20	
Colour (Calico Group)	
Blue, violet9	
Red, orange, yellow5	
Black5	
Brown, white <u>1</u>	
20	
Condition and Deportment	Special Characteristics
Condition10	Development of Pom-Pons10
Deportment <u>10</u>	Matching of Pom-Pons, size and shape <u>10</u>
20	20





C. D. D/L.

Dorsal or top lobe of caudal fin.
Depth of body excluding fins.
The ratio of depth of body to length excluding fins.
Length of body excluding fins.

